

# Outline

## CPB forecasting practice

- medium term election platforms, coalition agreement
- short term annual budget cycle

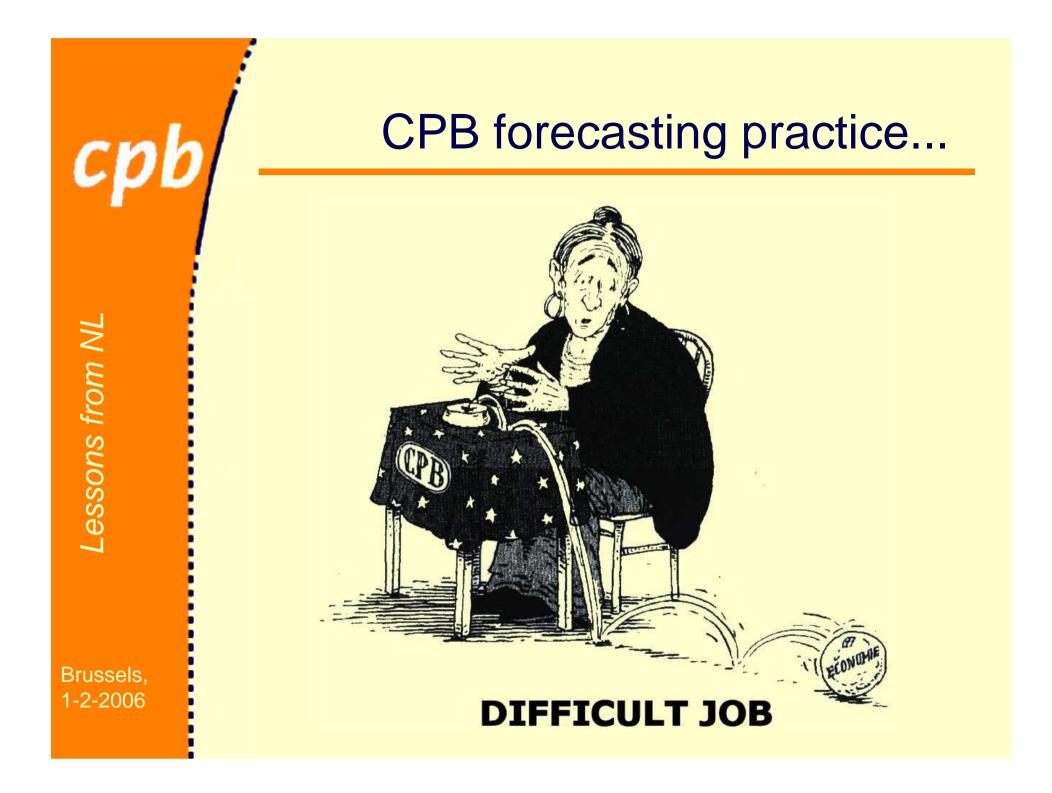
# Position of CPB

Conditions for quality and independence

Brussels, 1-2-2006



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# Medium term

- timing: political cycle
  - every new cabinet + mid-term?

#### two scenarios

- cautious / optimistic (about potential growth)
- end-year cyclically neutral

#### relation with budgetary framework

- asymmetric loss => use cautious scenario
- cyclical fluctuations in receipts run in govt balance

#### Brussels, 1-2-2006

#### relation with long term

analysis fiscal sustainability, other LT studies

# Implementation

#### cautious scenario is baseline...

- for assessment election platforms
- for coalition negotiations

#### and benchmark

updated baseline + effects coalition agreement defines real expenditure ceilings in new cabinet period

#### system supported by

- advice (Study Group, Social Economic Council)
- no formal rules

## Short term

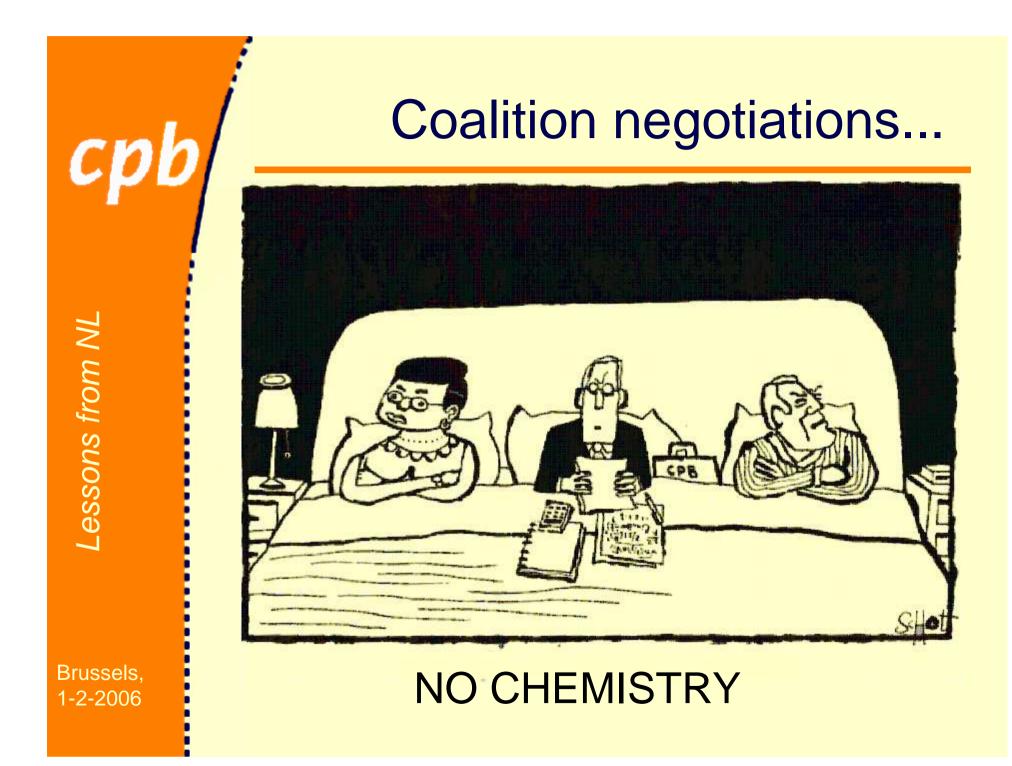
- timing: fixed schedule March - June - Sept - Dec
- covers current year and next year
- draft figures for March, June and Sept available to Ministries (and usually leaked to the press)

Brussels, 1-2-2006 draft texts for March and Sept discussed with officials and cabinet

Brussels, 1-2-2006

# **Relation CPB - politicians**

- CPB determines forecast and assesses likely effects of policy measures
- Politicians weigh the results and choose policy measures
- No formal obligation to use CPB forecast in budget



# Position of CPB (1)

### Part of Ministry of Economic Affairs

- Budget (11,5 mln), labour statute
- Outside requests need Minister's fiat
- No political interference with methods and analysis
- No paid assignments from private parties or local government
- About 15% project funding
  - Ministries
  - ► EU, OECD

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# Position of CPB (2)

#### Advice on work program from

- Central Planning Commission (experts from business and science)
- Committee for Economic Affairs (top level civil servants)

#### Quality ensured by

- Open attitude, transparency, accountability
- Broad scope, comprehensive knowledge base
- Active contacts with scientific community
- Peer evaluations, reviews, …

Brussels, 1-2-2006

Protocol contains code of conduct

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- formal rules not decisive
- CPB relies largely on quality (track record, trust, public opinion)
- refrain from political statements (e.g. no unconditional advice)

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checks and balances (external scrutiny and reviews)



Independent quality forecasts

- help improve the quality of the policy debate
  - avoid political quarrels about assumptions and policy impact
- cannot remove uncertainty, but help cope with it
- lead to better policies??



### Safeguards for independence

rules are not decisive
institutional setup country-specific

checks and balances

trust must be earned

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